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2.19  
RETURN TO POMOLOGY

MAY 5-1916

SECTION OF NOMENCLATURE.

INDEXED.

# Kelly's Select

## Nurseries

5-5-1916  
Claremont, South Dakota



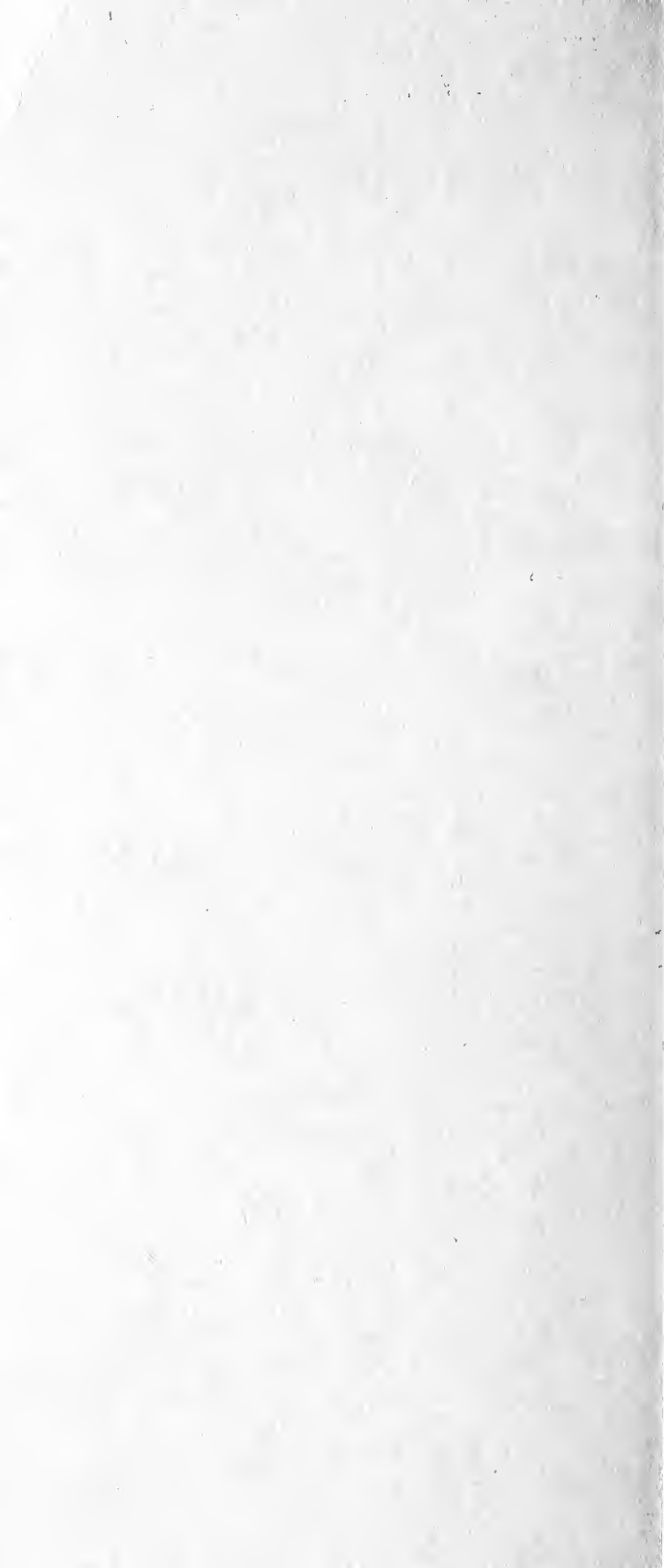
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Hardy Nursery  
Stock for  
The Northwest

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*The Most Northern  
Nursery  
in South Dakota*

Spring of 1916





W. J. KELLY, Proprietor of Kelly's Select Nurseries

### THE BEGINNING OF THE BUSINESS

**S**INCE boyhood I have been interested in plant life and the growing things. To me a noble tree has a real, live personality. Wherever I go, the plant and tree life is the most interesting of my observations. Coming to this prairie state more than a decade ago, my first aim was to build a real home upon this treeless land. Discouraged by many of the older settlers who told me solemnly that "trees won't grow here," I went ahead with my plantings, though encountering some obstacles, and have succeeded in transforming a barren prairie into a real home surrounded with thriving, beautiful trees, shrubs and flowers. The nursery business was not my early aim. I just naturally grew into it. My first real obstacle was the difficulty of procuring trees and plants that were grown under conditions similar to my own. There was no commercial nursery able to supply me with stock grown on high upland prairie in this section of the west. After many trials and disappointments, and some measure of success, I made a fair start and through careful propagation methods I succeeded even better than I dreamed. My success attracted attention and there was a steady call for planting stock. This I supplied at first more through neighborly pride than as a commercial proposition, but the insistent demand for nursery stock grown on typical upland prairie grew so great that I could but see the great need for a commercial nursery in this part of the Dakotas. Being located but a few miles from the North Dakota line, I realized that there was an unfilled field for the business in northern South Dakota and southern North Dakota.

My own experience had taught me the difficulty of obtaining proper stock for this great section and this is how the "Kelly Select Nurseries" came to be established. "Select" nurseries, because only select and tested varieties and stock are sold.

I want you to appreciate the fact that I am offering only hardy, home-grown stock; stock grown and propagated on typical Dakota loam uplands; stock that has undergone all the climatic difficulties to which any part of North or South Dakota is subject and stock that is sure to grow and thrive for you if given a reasonable chance. Only those sorts of proven hardiness are offered and these proofs I have myself made.

W. J. KELLY,

Proprietor of Kelly's Select Nurseries,  
Claremont, S. D.

### INSPECTION CERTIFICATE

State of South Dakota Official Certificate of Inspection.

No. 4

Brookings, S. Dak., July 17, 1914.

To Whom it May Concern:

This is to Certify that in accordance with an Act of the Legislature approved March 8th, 1909, the nursery of Kelly's Select Nurseries, owned by W. J. Kelly of Claremont, South Dakota, was inspected on June 20, 1914, and the stock grown in said nursery found apparently free from San Jose Scale and all other dangerous insects or plant diseases.

This certificate is to cover only stock grown in the above named nursery, and becomes invalid twelve months after date of inspection.

HARRY C. SEVERIN,  
State Entomologist.

### GENERAL PLANTING SUGGESTIONS

The first essential to tree growing is the preparation of the soil. Deeply plowed land should be provided. The handling of it in a manner that will store moisture in the subsoil is very important. Where the subsoil is dry, the tree roots will not penetrate and a dry season following planting over a dry subsoil will invite failure. It will pay to make proper effort to insure the thrift of the trees from the beginning. Prepare the soil deeply and well and a long step toward success is taken.

### PRUNING AND SETTING OUT

Before setting out trees, cut out all broken and bruised roots and trim back the branches at least one-half their growth. The root pruning must be balanced by the branch pruning. The average planter does not prune severely enough when putting out nursery grown stock.

The hole for the trees should be amply large for the natural spread of the roots without cramping or crowding. Set the tree firmly in the hole a little deeper than it grew in the nursery. With the hands, work fine top soil in and around the roots and rootlets carefully, being sure that no large unfilled cavity is left under the center of the tree where the roots begin to spread. Tramp the soil very firmly around and over the roots. Don't

overlook this. There is no danger of getting them in too firmly. Gradually fill in and tramp till nearly the ground level and leave a saucer-shaped surface around the base of the tree to catch the rain waters.

### CARE THROUGH SEASON

Give clean, thorough cultivation throughout the growing season. This not only prevents weeds, but directly conserves soil moisture. You cannot hope to grow trees without caring for them. Don't let soil crusts form, and fence all live stock from the plantings. In late fall, a light mulch about the roots of the tree is beneficial and this may be cultivated into the soil the following spring. The most critical period of the tree's life is the first year after setting out and care taken to give it every opportunity for development will be amply repaid. Clean cultivation is advised at all times for orchards in this climate.

### HOW FAR APART TO PLANT

Just how far apart to plant orchard trees can not be definitely set down, but give them plenty of room, especially in the dryer territories. The necessary land to be given up for home fruit growing on the farm is but little and any farmer can afford enough. The lower the average rainfall, the more room should an individual tree be given. Apple trees set 35x35 feet apart each way is the standard distance and this is none too far in any region where rainfall is likely to be deficient. Plums may well be set considerably closed. About 16 feet each way is probably about right under average conditions in the Dakotas.

### NUMBER OF TREES PER ACRE

The following table gives the number of trees or plants per acre at various distances planted:

10x10 feet.....	435 per acre	20x20 feet.....	108 per acre
10x12 feet.....	363 per acre	20x24 feet.....	90 per acre
10x18 feet.....	242 per acre	20x30 feet.....	72 per acre
10x20 feet.....	217 per acre	20x36 feet.....	60 per acre
10x24 feet.....	181 per acre	24x24 feet.....	75 per acre
12x12 feet.....	302 per acre	24x36 feet.....	50 per acre
12x18 feet.....	201 per acre	30x30 feet.....	48 per acre
12x20 feet.....	181 per acre	30x36 feet.....	40 per acre
12x24 feet.....	151 per acre	30x48 feet.....	30 per acre
12x36 feet.....	100 per acre	35x35 feet.....	35 per acre
12x48 feet.....	75 per acre	36x36 feet.....	33 per acre
15x30 feet.....	96 per acre	36x48 feet.....	25 per acre
15x48 feet.....	60 per acre	40x40 feet.....	27 per acre
18x18 feet.....	134 per acre	40x48 feet.....	22 per acre
18x24 feet.....	100 per acre	48x48 feet.....	18 per acre
18x36 feet.....	67 per acre	50x50 feet.....	17 per acre
18x48 feet.....	50 per acre	100x100 feet.....	4 per acre

To find the number of plants per acre at any required distance apart, multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance between the plants in the row. Divide 43,560 (the number of square feet in an acre) by this product. Thus if the rows are 3 feet apart and the plants 2 feet apart in the row, divide 43,560 by 6 (2x3 feet) equals 7260 plants per acre.

## APPLES

The apple is the "King of Hardy Fruits." It should be grown on every farm home in the Northwest. The quality of home-grown fruit is so superior to that usually sold in the market that there is really no comparison. Varieties are now to be had that are perfectly hardy and proven so all over the Northwest. They are now being grown successfully to the Canadian line and even beyond. The stock we are offering is made up only of tried and tested and proven varieties. We have done the experimenting and do not ask you to do it.

There is not a farm in the Dakotas that can not produce an abundance of apples for home use if our stock is planted.

You should have a good windbreak around your apple orchard, but if you have none and will set out a border of quick growing trees around the young orchard, it will afford the necessary protection almost from the beginning. Start this spring and have apples on your table a year sooner.

## VARIETIES OF APPLES

**Duchess of Oldenburg.** This is a standard large, hardy summer apple that has done more to put apple growing in the Northwest on a firm, practical basis than any other sort. It is large, handsome, productive and of the first degree of hardiness and ripens in August. It is an old standby that should be planted in every orchard. In color it is streaked and shaded red.

**Charlamoff.** This is a Russian sort of medium size, considerably resembling the Duchess in color, but more conical in shape and ripens a little later. A good, productive sort and entirely hardy.

**Hibernal.** Probably the hardiest apple grown of commercial value. The fruit is oblong and red striped and medium size. The quality is not as good as some, but its extreme hardiness and splendid growing qualities make it a most valuable addition to northern horticulture.

**Wealthy.** A Minnesota seedling that has proven to be one of the choicest apples for all the Northwest. It bears early and abundantly of its yellow red striped fruit of splendid quality. It is probably the most widely successful and profitable apple in the north and should find a welcome place in every orchard.

**Patten's Greening.** This variety originated with C. G. Patten of Charles City, Iowa, one of the leading horticulturists of the country. It is a seedling of Duchess. It is a large, round, yellowish red apple and the tree is a vigorous, healthy grower. An excellent cooking apple and has been largely planted over the Northwest since its introduction.

**Yellow Transparent.** A fine yellow apple of Russian origin that bears early and well. Possibly not quite as hardy as the other sorts listed above, but it has borne well in our own orchard and proven very satisfactory. The quality of the apple is

sub-acid and a tasty sort to eat out of hand when fully ripe.

**Okabena.** A hardy, productive variety, and a vigorous grower. Fruit is good size, color and quality. A seedling of Duchess but some later. Free from blight and in every way desirable.

### CRAB APPLES

**The Hyslop** is dark red in color, a good size and flavor and a good keeper.

**The Whitney No. 20** is a handsome red and yellow crab and is a very fair eating apple, but does not keep long.

**Virginia.** A strong spreading grower of extreme hardiness. Fruit large and bright red in color.

**Florence.** A fine standard variety. Finely colored fruit. Tree hardy and productive.

### PRICES ON APPLES AND CRABS

	Each	10	100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$ .25	\$2.00	\$15.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.30	2.50	20.00
5 to 6 ft.....	.35	3.00	25.00

It will be noted that the above list is not a long one, but it possesses the sterling feature of being a thoroughly dependable one. It is a list that can be selected from with every assurance of a successful start in apple growing. They thrive and bear for me. They will for you.

### PLUMS

Plums are as easy to grow as box elders or cottonwoods and it is indeed strange that every farm does not have them in abundance. They are annual bearers and the fruit of the best named varieties is delicious out of hand or is easily preserved in cans. Be sure to plant at least a few plums.

**Forest Garden.** A fine growing tree and a profuse bearer. The fruit is rich and juicy and a



Don't These Plums Look Good? You May Have Them as Well

mottled red and yellow in color. In size it will average an inch or a little more in diameter. A largely planted sort that gives universal satisfaction. Ripens in early August.

**DeSoto.** A splendid sort that is so prolific that it is likely to overbear if not thinned out. It comes into bearing very young. The fruit is of good size and yellowish red at maturity. Ripens in August.

**Wyant.** A strong limbed, low growing tree and a heavy bearer of good sized fruit of good quality. The color is a dark red. Ripens the latter part of August.

**Wolf.** A large free-stone fruit of splendid quality and is excellent for eating out of hand. It is round and of dull red color. The tree is a good grower and makes a shapely orchard tree. Season about the same as the Wyant.

**Surprise.** Strong growing tree. Fruit large and red. Flesh rich and sugary. Very prolific and very promising for the Northwest.

### PRICES OF PLUMS

	Each	10	100
4 to 5 feet.....	\$ .45	\$4.00	\$30.00
5 to 6 ft.....	.50	4.50	35.00

### NATIVE PLUM SEEDLINGS.

These are seedling trees grown from our named varieties and will ordinarily produce fruit of good quality, but of course can not be depended upon as the grafted, named sorts. They are splendidly adapted for low windbreaks and large hedges or screens and when grown in poultry yards and hog lots for shade they will stand the hard usage and grow every year. Waste corners about the farm could well be planted to these seedling plums and furnish fruit, shade and refuge for bird life.

### PRICE OF PLUM SEEDLINGS

	Each	100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$ .15	\$10.00

### HANSEN'S HYBRID PLUMS

These are hybrid varieties produced by Prof. N. E. Hansen, horticulturist of the South Dakota Agricultural College. They are extremely hardy and sure to bear prolifically. A few of them should be tried by everyone.

**Hanska.** This is a cross between a wild plum and apricot plum. The hybrid inherits the hardiness of its wild parent and considerable of the high quality of its named progenitor. It is a large fruit measuring up to one and one-half inches in diameter. It is a bright red color and has a heavy blue bloom. The tree is a thrifty, strong grower. Ripens about August 1st.

**Opata.** This is a cross of the native Dakota sand cherry and a large hybrid Japanese plum. The tree is a low spreading grower and the earliest of all to mature its fruit. It is an exceedingly productive variety and bears when very young. The fruit is large and of excellent quality. The flesh



OPATA PLUM

is greenish and the skin dark purple with blue bloom.

#### PRICES OF HANSEN'S HYBRIDS

4 to 5 ft. each.....	\$ .60
5 to 6 ft. each.....	.70

#### COMPASS CHERRY PLUM

Here is a fruit that is as hardy as an oak and a sure, prolific and early producer. It originated with H. Knudson of Springfield, Minn., who claims it to be a cross of the native western sand cherry and the Miner plum, an old and popular variety in some sections. The tree is a good, symmetrical grower and is so hardy that it is succeeding admirably even in the Canadian Northwest. The fruit is of good size and of delicious flavor.

#### PRICE OF COMPASS CHERRY PLUMS

	Each	10	100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$ .40	\$3.50	\$30.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.50	4.50	40.00

#### SAND CHERRY

This is an improved form of the native sand cherry. It is a low growing shrubby plant and produces abundantly of its cherry-like fruit. It is early and perfectly hardy and the fruit while not



### BEARING PLUMS IN OUR ORCHARD

of high quality is valuable for culinary purposes. Ordinary cherries are not hardy over the Dakotas generally and the sand cherry is their nearest substitute.

#### PRICES

	Each	10	100
2 to 3 ft. ....	\$ .15	\$1.25	\$10.00

### DWARF JUNE BERRY

Sometimes called "Sugarberry." A hardy, shrub-like plant that produces a bluish black fruit very palatable and rich. The blooms are white and the plant is desirable as an ornament as well as for fruit.

	Each	10
Prices .....	\$ .25	\$2.00

### GRAPES

There is only one variety of grape that is hardy in the Northwest without winter covering. This is the Beta, which is a cross between the native western wild grape and the Concord. The Beta has the hardiness of its wild parent and produces a desirable quality of fruit in abundance. This is something every farmer should plant, both for its fruit and for its value as a hardy perennial climber.

	Each	10
Prices, 2-year plants .....	\$ .40	\$3.50

### CURRENTS AND GOOSEBERRIES

These two small fruits should be found in every garden. Both are very easily grown and will succeed anywhere and there is not the slightest reason why every owner of a garden could not have all the currants and gooseberries the family can eat. Plant in rows six or eight feet apart and the plants four feet apart in the row. Cultivate well and keep the soil well enriched and success is certain.

#### CURRENTS

**White Grape.** A good grower and heavy annual producer. The bunches are large and the berries mild and sweet in flavor. They are a translucent white. Probably the best white sort.

**White Dutch.** An old standard sort that has been very largely planted. Of sweet flavor and the bushes produce well.

**Pomona.** Good sized fruit of a bright red color. It bears early and prolifically and is an excellent shipping variety. Has long stems and remains long on the bushes after ripe. A very desirable sort.

**Perfection.** This is a splendid new variety that gives every promise of being the most valuable currant in cultivation. It is exceedingly prolific and the fruit is of especially high quality. It is rich, mild and nearly seedless. The Perfection will surely please you.

	Each	10	100
Prices of Perfection			
currant . . . . .	\$ .25	\$2.00	
Prices of currant (except Perfection . . .	.25	1.50	10.00

### GOOSEBERRIES

**Houghton.** An old, reliable variety, productive and of good quality. Medium sized fruit, pale red in color. A healthy and vigorous grower.

	Each	10	100
Price, 2-year . . . . .	\$ .15	\$1.25	\$10.00

**Carrie.** A most promising new gooseberry originating in Minneosta. Wonderfully prolific and healthy and fruit is of good size and high quality.

	Each	10
Price, 2-year . . . . .	\$ .25	\$2.00

### RASPBERRIES

The Sunbeam raspberry is as yet the only sort that is hardy in severe locations without protection. It was originated by Prof. Hansen by crossing a wild northern variety with a tame sort and is hardy anywhere. The fruit is of fair quality and is the only variety that we can recommend for northern growers.

	Each	10	100
Prices . . . . .	\$ .10	0 .75	\$6.00

### STRAWBERRIES

Strawberries are a delicious fruit that should grace every garden, at least every farmer's garden. They are easily grown and almost certain to produce abundant crops of splendid berries. Plant them clean cultivation during the growing season the plants about 1 foot apart in the row. Give them clean cultivation during the growing season and mulch them well in the fall with old hay or clean, coarse straw. In the spring the mulch may be shaken loosely from the row to permit the plants to develop and the runners will spread out over the mulching and the berries will be clean and easily picked.

#### THE SENATOR DUNLAP STRAWBERRY

We are listing only this variety for the reason that it is the most dependable and popular strawberry for the general grower and leaves little to be desired by anyone in a first class strawberry. It

has staminate flowers and needs no other variety near it to fertilize and is a hardy, strong growing plant. The fruit is of good size and quality. Try the Senator Dunlap and you will be pleased.

	25	100
Price .....	\$ .40	\$1.00



Photo Taken at Kelly's Select Nurseries Sept. 23, 1914.

### EVERBEARING STRAWBERRY

A great acquisition to the small fruit garden is the everbearing strawberry. Unlike the common strawberry they bloom and set fruit not only in mid-summer but from June till frost and they do this even the first year they are set out. Think of having fine, tasty strawberries in your garden for two or three months after the regular strawberry season is over. You can easily do this with the everbearers. I can't say too much in praise of the everbearing strawberry. I picked my last strawberries last season on October 24th. Try these sure.

Price on Everbearing Strawberries: 10, \$1.25; 50, \$3.00; 100, \$5.00.

**Progressive.** This is almost an ideal everbearer. Very prolific plant-maker and a great yielder as it produces fruit on the runners. Be sure you get the genuine. Unscrupulous dealers are taking advantage of the great demand for everbearing strawberries and palming off the common kinds at high prices.

### RHUBARB.

Rhubarb or pie-plant is so palatable for pies and sauce and so welcome early in the spring, that it should find a permanent place in every garden. Plant it on rich, well prepared land and it is sure to succeed. Give it annual dressings with manure.

We list only one variety of rhubarb, the Mammoth, which is a large, early, well flavored sort.

	Each	10
Price .....	\$ .15	\$1.00

## ASPARAGUS

This delicious, early spring vegetable is a neglected plant in most gardens. Why this is true is difficult to tell, for it is so easily established and one planting lasts for so many years that there would seem to be no reason why every home owner should not enjoy this splendid vegetable. Set the plants in rows three or four feet apart and the plants a foot or 18 inches apart in the row. Use rich land, the richer the better. Cultivate and mulch heavily with manure in the fall. Annual applications of manure should be given, which is about all the care the asparagus requires after the first season.

	10	100
Prices, 2-year-roots .....	\$ .50	\$2.00

## SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

Of shade and ornamental trees of hardy varieties, I have a good stock of the dependable kinds that will grow and thrive anywhere. These trees should go out to the farms that need their beauty and protection. What a desolate picture so many farm homes in the Dakotas make with not a tree or shrub about the buildings. Many have attempted growing trees years ago and for various reasons failed, and too many lack the courage to try again. With the proper varieties grown on high upland prairie as our trees are grown, anyone can succeed with them who really tries. Did you ever consider what a beautiful prospect our Dakotas would be if every farm home was surrounded by splendid groves and the grounds embellished with beautiful shrubs and flowers. Not only would one be captivated by the beauty of the landscape, but the comfort of the homes and of the farm animals would be enhanced to an estimable degree and land values would be increased by millions of dollars. Nothing a farmer can do will so surely increase the market value of his land as the establishment of a thrifty, well located grove and wind-break about his farm buildings. And better than all this, he will be making a real home, not merely a place to stay.

## GROVE AND WINDBREAK TREES

**Green Ash.** The well known and popular native ash that grows and succeeds everywhere and under all sorts of conditions. An old standby for the Dakotas and the most generally planted of the permanent varieties.

**American White Elm.** The most popular and largely planted shade tree in America. Extremely hardy under all conditions, it develops into one of the most beautiful trees known anywhere. A vigorous grower and very drouth resistant. Should be planted on every farm and sure to please.

Prices of Ash and Elm	Each	10	100
2 to 3 ft.....	\$ .10	\$ .75	\$ 5.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.15	1.00	6.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.25	1.50	10.00

**Box Elder.** The well known native tree that has many qualities to recommend it to a pioneer shade and grove tree. Thrifty grower, gives dense shade and succeeds everywhere.

Prices	Each	10	100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$ .15	\$1.00	\$6.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.25	1.50	9.00

**Wild Black Cherry.** A hardy, rapid grower valuable for timber as well as ornamental planting. Is a handsome lawn tree with clean foliage, pretty blooms and fruit. A tree that deserves wide general planting in the Northwest.

Prices. 5 to 6 ft., stocky.....40c each

**Burr Oak.** A long lived, hardy native tree valuable as an ornamental especially. A slow grower comparatively but useful as a variety in lawn planting. Has large and beautiful leaves.

Price. 2 to 3 ft., each ..... \$ .20

**Cottonwood.** The most widely planted tree in the Dakotas. A rapid grower and surely deserves its place as a pioneer windbreak tree. Does not do so well in groves on high lands as in wide rows as a wind break. Very valuable to plant as a pioneer tree.

Prices	Each	10	100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$ .10	\$ .75	\$4.00
4 to 5 ft.....	.15	1.00	5.00
5 to 6 ft.....	.20	1.50	6.50

**Carolina Poplar.** A rapid growing variety that resembles the cottonwood but has a larger, thicker leaf and a denser foliage. It does not shed cotton, which is an objection to cottonwoods. A satisfactory soft wood tree.

Prices	Each	10	100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$ .15	\$ .75	\$5.00
4 to 5 ft. ....	.20	1.50	6.00

**Norway Poular.** A very rapid growing member of the cottonwood family and seems best adapted for timber purposes of any of its class. It has been called "the sudden saw log" on account of its comparatively rapid development into timber size.

Prices	Each	10	100
3 to 4 ft.....	\$ .20	\$1.50	\$5.00
4 to 5 ft .....	.30	2.00	7.50
5 to 6 ft.....	.40	3.00	
6 to 8 ft.....	.50	4.50	40.00
8 to 10 ft.....	.55	5.00	45.00

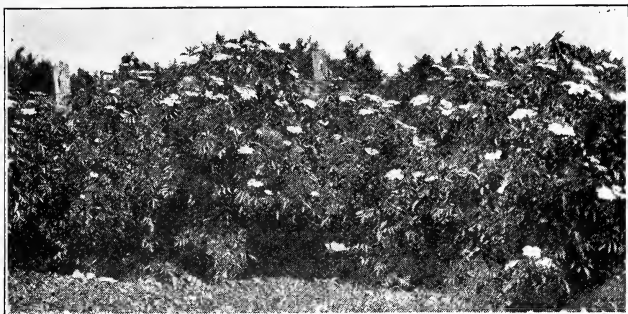
**Russian Olive.** A medium sized, very hardy tree with silvery foliage. It blooms profusely and is very fragrant. The fruit is yellow and handsome on the tree, but has no food value. The tree is a sure grower anywhere and valuable for windbreak and grove planting, as well as an ornament on the lawn.

	Each	10
2 to 3 ft.....	\$ .20	\$1.50

#### ORNAMENTAL WEEPING TREES

**Cut Leaved Weeping Birch.** The most graceful, beautiful and desirable lawn tree known. It is entirely hardy, a rapid grower so enticingly beautiful when in leaf that it commands instant admiration. Be sure to try this tree.

4 to 5 ft., each.....	\$1.00
5 to 6 ft., each.....	1.25



### ELDER MAKES A FINE ORNAMENT

**Niobe Weeping Willow.** This is a native Russian willow introduced by the South Dakota Agricultural College and has proven very desirable and satisfactory wherever tried. It has a pronounced weeping habit that makes it very beautiful and attractive. Try it.

#### Prices

4 to 5 ft., each.....	\$ .30
5 to 6 ft., each .....	.40

### HEDGES

Hedges are useful and ornamental in their place and as boundaries of gardens or driveways or as screens they serve their double purpose. We are listing two hedge plants that will succeed anywhere.

**Buckthorn.** The most valuable hedge plant for all the Northwest. Can be trimmed to any height or left to develop as it will, it is sure to prove entirely satisfactory. Its thick, dark green leaves are beautiful and it forms an impenetrable barrier when well grown.

Prices	10	100
12 to 18 inches.....	\$1.00	\$6.00

**Russian Olive.** This is a desirable hedge plant and when properly cared for makes a close growing, dense and handsome hedge. When young, the tops of the plants should be cut off low to induce it to branch close to the ground. Its silvery white foliage in contrast with the surrounding green stands out strikingly.

Prices	10	100
6 to 12 inches.....	\$ .50	\$1.00

### Hedge Plants

**Buckthorn, Transplanted.** Absolutely the best hedge plant for general planting in the Northwest. Perfectly hardy anywhere and its heavy dark green foliage is clean and beautiful. Can be trimmed into any desired form. Valuable also as a lawn tree and should be more used for this purpose.

Transplanted Specimens,

	Each	10	100
Price, 2 to 3 ft.....	\$ .25	\$2.00	\$15.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.30	2.50	20.00



RUSSIAN OLIVE WINDBRE

### FLOWERING SHRUBS

Under this class come some of the most beautiful and easily grown plants and flowers. Once planted, they grow bigger and better with the years and with the very minimum of care and attention. Every farm and village home should be beautified with some of these old standbys that are so easy to start and so sure to give pleasure and satisfaction.

#### BARBERRY

**Purple Leaved.** A dense growing, purple leaved variety that is very ornamental either growing alone or in groups. Hardy and easily grown.

**Price.** 12 to 18 inch, each..... \$ .25

**Siberian Pea Tree (Caragana).** A hardy, low-growing tree or large shrub with light colored foliage resembling that of a locust tree. Perfectly hardy anywhere and should be largely used for hedge purposes as well as an ornamental.

**Price.** 2 to 3 ft..... Each \$ .25

#### BARBERRY (Thunbergia)

A dwarf barberry with beautiful foliage. Leaves color beautifully in fall. Most desirable low growing hardy border or hedge plant and fine also as an ornamental singly or in groups.

**Prices.** 18 to 24 inches.....25c each

**Russian Artemesia.** A vigorous, rapid growing shrubby plant that grows readily from cuttings and is valuable for a low snow break or as a variety on the lawn.

	Each	10
<b>Price</b> .....	\$ .20	\$1.00



PARTIAL VIEW OF KELLY'S SELECT



T KELLY'S SELECT NURSERIES

**DOGWOOD**

**Siberian.** A hardy, rapid growing shrub that is beautiful at all seasons. The foliage is fine in summer, and the bright red bark makes it very attractive in winter.

**Price.** 18 to 24 inch, each..... \$ .25

**SNOWBALL**

The well known and popular flowering shrub that everybody admires. It grows to a height of 7 or 8 feet and covers itself with its beautiful snowy blooms in June.

**Price.** 18 to 24 inch, each..... \$ .25

**HYDRANGEA**

**Paniculata Grandiflora.** This beautiful shrub quickly makes a large bush and attains a height of six or eight feet. It blooms late in the season when other flowers are scarce and remains in bloom a long time. Fine for hardy borders or in groups at the edge of the lawn. Comes into bloom soon after setting out. An especially desirable shrub in the Northwest.

**Price.** 18 to 24 inch, each..... \$ .25

**Golden Elder**

A beautiful, strong growing shrub with attractive variegated foliage and white blooms. Hardy and very desirable.

**Prices.** 2 to 3 ft.....25c each

**Common Elder**

A fine and handsome shrub with large cut leaves and produces clusters of white blooms flowered by black berries in the fall. Early and desirable.

**Price.** Each ..... \$ .25



ERY FROM HIGHWAY



### EVERGREENS

There should be more evergreens planted about the homes of the Northwest. Their cheery green throughout the winter and their perfect protection from the winter blasts should induce a more general planting of these beautiful, hardy trees.

They are easily transplanted if properly done. The main cause for failures with evergreens is the fact that the roots are exposed to the air and sunlight before planting. The roots of these trees should never be exposed for a minute and at once after unpacking should be dipped in thin mud and kept moist until covered with soil.

There are two evergreens that are native to Dakota that are among the most desirable of all varieties. The Black Hills or Ponderosa pine and the Black Hills spruce. These kinds will succeed all over the Northwest, as they are by nature adapted to our own climate conditions.

**Black Hills Pine (Ponderosa).** This is the native bull pine of the Black Hills of South Dakota and other parts of the western Dakotas and Montana where it grows in situations seemingly impossible for plant life of any kind to exist. It is the one pine that is adapted to the severe conditions of prairie planting in the Northwest. It grows fairly fast from the beginning and when well established develops rapidly. I am offering only one size of this pine, the 12 to 18 inch transplant, the best size for general planting.

Prices	Each	10
12 to 18 inch transplants.....	\$ .30	\$2.50

**Black Hills Spruce.** This is the native Black Hills form of the white spruce. It is a stocky grower with large, stiff, dark green needles and is by all means the best variety for general prairie planting. A windbreak of these spruce is a thing of beauty and a joy forever.

Prices	Each	10
6 to 12 inch transplants.....	\$ .25	\$2.00
12 to 18 inch transplants .....	.40	3.50
18 to 24 inch transplants .....	.50	

**Colorado Blue Spruce.** As an ornamental ever-

green this stands in a class by itself. It is a close, compact grower and has long, stiff needles. The blue specimens are objects of beauty that attract instant attention. Only a small portion of the seedlings are a real blue, so that a higher price must be asked for them. The green specimens are splendid trees and possess all the merits of the blue ones except color.

Prices	Each
Green Specimens—12 to 18 inch transplants.	\$ .50
18 to 24 inch transplants.	.75
Blue Specimens—12 to 18 inch transplants..	1.75
18 to 24 inch transplants..	2.50

### FLOWERING TREES

**Bechtel's Double Flowering Crab.** A very desirable small ornamental tree. Much resembles the common crabapple in growth, but the blossoms are very double and exquisitely scented, closely resembling little roses. The tree is perfectly hardy and everybody should have one.

#### Price

2 to 3 ft., each.....	\$ .40
3 to 4 ft., each....	.50

**Double Flowering Plum.** A splendid thing and a real acquisition to our flowering plants. The handsome pink flowers cover the branches before the leaves appear. A lower grower than the flowering crab. A beauty in every way and very hardy.

2 to 3 ft., each .....	\$ .40
3 to 4 ft., each .....	.50

### Lilacs

Everyone is familiar with the old reliable lilac and it maintains its place against all comers as one of the choicest of hardy showering shrubs. The new forms of the lilac are especially pleasing and beautiful. Don't forget the lilac in your home plantings. Note that the newer sorts bloom later than the common lilac and thus escape late spring frosts.

**Persian Lilac.** A rapid growing, slender branched sort with fine light purple flowers.

**Japan Tree Lilac.** A strong, upright grower that blooms in June. The foliage is dark and glossy and the blooms a creamy white.

**Chinese Tree Lilac.** This is similar to the above sort and can be developed into a small sized tree. Has bright green foliage and immense spikes of creamy white flowers.

**Hungarian Lilac.** A strong growing variety with glossy green leaves and deep purple flowers. Very desirable.

**Villosa Lilas.** A Japanese variety in every way desirable. Flowers nearly white and a profuse bloomer. Late.

Prices of Lilacs	Each
Common Lilac (purple or white) 2 to 3 ft..	\$ .25
Persian, 2 to 3 ft.....	.25
Japan Tree, 3 to 4 ft.....	.75
Chinese Tree, 3 to 4 ft.....	.75
Hungarian (Josikea) 2 to 3 ft.....	.50
Villosa, 2 to 3 ft.....	.60

**BUSH HONEYSUCKLES (Lonicera)**

These are hardy, vigorous shrubs that are beautiful throughout the season. They bloom in May and the blooms are followed by bright red berries that remain on the bushes until late in the season. Very satisfactory. We have both the white and pink flowered sorts.

**Price.** 2 to 3 ft., each..... \$ .25

**SPIREA**

**Van Houttei (Bridal Wreath).** The finest hardy spirea and the most popular flowering shrub grown. It is a strong grower, beautiful in foliage and bloom. The blossoms are delicate white and fairly cover the bushes in late May and June. Entirely hardy anywhere and very desirable for specimen plants or for low hedges.

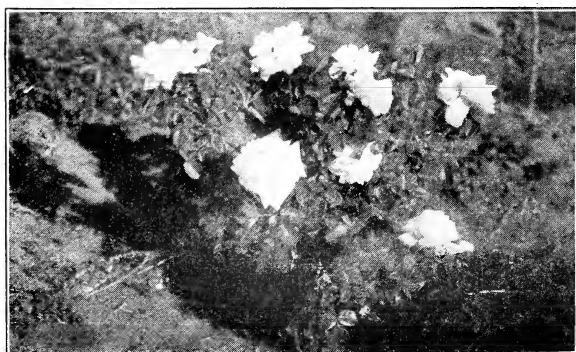
**Price.** 18 to 24 inches, each..... \$ .25

**Anthony Waterer.** A dwarfish sort with rose colored flowers covering the plant with their clusters. Desirable especially as a border plant.

**Price.** 12 to 18 inches, each..... \$ .25

**ROSES**

Everyone loves a rose and there is no reason why everyone cannot have them growing in their garden if they select the right sorts and plant vigorous, field-grown stock such as we offer. Most roses require careful winter protection in the Northwest and good fall mulching will be beneficial to nearly all roses as well as other flowering plants.



**Frau Karl Druschki.** A magnificent large paper white variety. Free blooming and long stems. Of perfect form and one of the most beautiful white roses grown. Price 40c each. Strong plants.

**Madam Plantier.** A hardy, white rose, very double and a free bloomer. A vigorous bloomer and hardy.

Price 40c each. Strong plants.

**Paul Neyron.** The largest rose in cultivation and one of the best. It is a bright pink and a profuse bloomer. Price 40c each. Strong plants.

**Persian Yellow.** A fine, hardly yellow rose that blooms freely in June. This and the following

variety are the two choicest, hardy, yellow sorts for the Northwest. Price 50c.

**Harrison's Yellow.** A little larger than the Persian and more fragrant. Very popular and largely planted. Price 50c each. Strong plants.

### HARDY, HYBRID RUGOSA ROSES

These are practically hardy without protection except in the severest locations and of great value to northern horticulture. They came originally from Siberia and inherit robust constitutions. If you have had difficulty in growing roses, be sure to try Rugosa varieties.

**Blanch de Coubert.** A pure white, semi-double rose, growing in clusters. It is sweetly fragrant and the individual blooms are from 3 to 4 inches in diameter. The foliage is rich and heavy. An early and continuous bloomer.

**Conrad F. Meyer.** A splendid, large, pink rose, very double and exquisitely fragrant. Produced singly and a continuous bloomer.

**Sir Thomas Lipton.** Pure white and fragrant. Not quite as large as the two preceeding sorts. A splendid cut flower and very double.

**Hansa.** A large, double, red rose, very fragrant. Clusters open all at once like one immense rose. Foliage dark and rich. Fine.

#### Prices—Rugosa Roses, All Varieties

Strong plants, each ..... \$ .60

### PEONIES

This grand, absolutely hardy perennial flower should grace the home grounds of the humblest man or woman as it does the most extensive landscape dreams of the wealthy. It grows thriftier and better as the years go by and is surely a floral joy forever.

**Festiva Maxima.** The finest early white. A magnificent flower with dashes of crimson on a few of the center petals. One of the very choicest sorts.

The Festiva Maxima may well be called the queen of peonies. It is a pure white, flecked in the center with crimson. It is of the largest size, some blooms being from 6 to 7 inches across and it is a surpassingly free bloomer. Very fragrant.

**Price.** Festiva Maxima, each ..... \$ .50

“ Mixed varieties, all good, each.... .25

We are growing the finer, newer sorts that are bound to please and satisfy.

**Golden Harvest.** An extra fine sort. Pinkish outside pedals with yellowish centre. Very large and fragrant.

**Floral Treasure.** A beautiful, large bright pink with a delicate fragrance.

**Queen Victoria.** A fine white and a very free bloomer.

**Delicatessina.** The finest pink, free blooming and fragrant.

**Humei.** A large late and fragrant pink.

**L'Esperance.** A fragrant rose pink, free blooming and early.

**Louis Van Houtti.** A late red of fine effect.

**Pottsii.** An early dark crimson, semi-double and very free blooming.

**Rubra Superba.** A large late bright crimson. Prices of all peonies, strong, desirous...50c each

### SEDUM (Spectabitis)

A low growing plant splendidly adapted for borders and edging. Fleshy-like foliage and heads of rosy pink flowers. Useful for cemetery planting.

Price .....25c each

### PERENNIAL PHLOX

As in peonies there has been a wonderful improvement in phlox. The individual blooms on some of the newer varieties are as large as a silver dollar and clusters of these great flowers make a most striking and attractive display either in clumps or borders. The perennial phlox is an herbaceous plant that springs each year from the root and is entirely hardy.

Prices	Each	10
Mixed Perennial Phlox .....	\$ .15	\$1.00

### GERMAN IRIS

These are one of the easiest grown and most desirable perennials in the whole list. Hardy as oaks and grow anywhere. Beautiful flowers in profusion and should be planted by every one.

**Madam Chereau.** White with elegantly frilled border of clear blue. One of the most beautiful named sorts. The flower stalks grow to a height of 30 inches.

Price, each ..... \$ .25

**Blue Bird.** Early, indigo blue.

**Alcest.** Golden yellow veined with bronze.

**Honorabilis.** Orange yellow, lower petals brown. Very beautiful.

**Celeste.** Satiny blue, one of the best.

**Bronze.** Yellow veined with brown.

**Her Majesty.** Reddish lilac, veined.

**Queen of Gypsies.** Lavender bronze with lower petals brown, white and streaked.

Prices	Each	10
.....	\$ .25	\$2.00

### SIBERIAN IRIS

Graceful slender foliage and tall growing. Flowers similar in form to German Iris, but smaller.

Borne in great profusion, color blue or white. Prices same as other iris.

### IRIS. (Siberian Blue)

A delicate and elegant variety with tall, grassy foliage and tall, flower stems. Very free flowering and one of the best for cut flowers. Flower stalks 30 inches high.

**Orientalis:** syn. **Sanguinea.** Intensely brilliant blue flowers. 3 feet.

**Siberic Alba.** White. 30 inches.

**Siberica Blue.** Reticulated white. 30 inches.

	Each	10
Price .....	\$ .20	\$1.50
Mixed Iris, price .....	.15	1.00

### Golden Glow

A hardy perennial that grows to a height of 6 feet or more and produces in great abundance golden yellow blooms that are fine for cut flowers and as a landscape effect.

Price .....15 each, 2 for 25c

### LYCHNES CHALCEDONICA (Maltese Cross)

A hardy perennial, producing heart-lobed flowers of bright vermillion arranged in large, flat panicles. A beauty.

	Each	10
Price .....	\$ .10	\$ .75

### BOLTONIA (Astervides)

A hardy plant growing about four feet high and makes a beautiful showing in late summer with its aster like white blooms. Very free blooming.

	Each	10
Price .....	\$ .15	\$1.00

### DELPHINIUM (Hardy Larkspur)

This is a very hardy and beautiful perennial that should be found in abundance about every home. Blooms profusely from June till frost. Color light blue, dark blue and white. Be sure and include this in your order.

Price .....25c each

### Tiger Lilies

The old favorite tiger lily that you all know and too few grow. Very easily grown and should be in every garden.

	Each	10	100
Price .....	\$ .15	\$1.25	\$10.00

### HARDY LILIES.

**Elegans.** Grand large tulip shaped blossoms of many shades and colors. The umbels of upright cup-like flowers are very pleasing. Among the earliest of all lilies to bloom. Each 25c. 10, \$2.00.

**Umbellatum.** One of the very best, blooming in June with large perfect flowers, colors range from black, red, through all the shades of crimson, rose, yellow, buff, apricot, etc., some spotted. Each 25c. 10, \$2.00.

**HEMEROCALLIS**

These are not true lilies but have lily-like flowers and very ornamental grassy foliage, very hardy, free bloomers and fine for cut flowers.

**Fulva.** The tall old-fashioned orange day lily. Blooms during July and August.

**Dumorteri.** Dwarf and early blooming variety of rich yellow exterior, is a bronzy orange.

**Flava Lemon Lily.** A fragrant, profuse bloomer of a handsome lemon yellow bloom during July.

**Graminea.** Choice early lemon yellow dwarf variety. Blooms in June. All Hemerocallis, each, 25c; 10, \$2.00.

**Yucca (Fillamentosa)**

A fine, hardy plant with long, sword-shaped leaves. Produces during June and July tall flower stalks with large, cup-shaped, creamy white flowers.

Price. Strong plants, each..... \$ .30

**YUCCA (Glanca)**

An evergreen plant with narrow sword-shaped leaves that makes a stately and desirable lawn plant. Flowers greenish white, borne in tall spikes that surmount the foliage in July. Very hardy and is native to the Missouri river bluffs in South Dakota and the high dry locations to the west.

Price .....25c each

**Gaillardia Grandiflora (Blanket Flower)**

An extremely shown and attractive flower with reddish brown flowers borne in profusion the season through. Height from one to two feet.

Price .....25c each

**Platycoden (Balloon Flower)**

An easily grown hardy perennial that blooms from June to fall, bearing beautiful bell-shaped blue flowers. Very fine for low border or hedge. Height two feet.

Price .....25c each

**Columbine**

These old favorites, often called "honeysuckles," have been much improved of late years. They are of very easy culture, hardy anywhere, endure moderate shade and produce annually their curious and beautiful spur-shaped flowers of many delicate colors. Bloom in May and June.

	Each	10
Price. Mixed varieties .....	\$ .20	\$1.50

**Dicentra (Bleeding Heart)**

An old, reliable, herbaceous perennial that is still one of the finest border plants. Beautiful foliage and drooping, heart-shaped flowers of rosy crimson.

Price. Each ..... \$ .25

**GLADIOLUS**

A summer flowering bulb that deserves to be planted by every flower lover who has a patch of ground as large as a horse blanket. They are as easily grown as potatoes and are sure to bloom and satisfy. Plant the bulbs about 4 inches deep in early May in rows a foot or so apart and the bulbs 6 inches apart in the row. Keep free of weeds and allow no soil crust to form. As cut flowers, the gladiolus is unsurpassed and will keep a week or more in a vase in perfect form. Dig the bulbs after frost. Cut off the tops, dry in the sun a day or so and store in the cellar away from frost. They will be ready the following spring to bloom again for you.

100

Fine mixed blooming bulbs, some named varieties .....\$2.50

**Named Varieties:** American, Klondyke, Marie Lemoine, Independence, Oriflame.

**Hollyhocks**

These are not perennials, but may be handled as such. They are hardy biennials that will re-seed each year and if in a well drained location will come on year after year on their own account and bloom profusely. They are beautiful, stately plants and are splendid for backgrounds for lower growing plants. The plants we offer are sure to blossom and seed the same year as planted and consist of many kinds of both double and single varieties, all beautiful.

	Each	10
Prices .....	\$ .15	\$1.00
	Each	10
Varieties above. Prices..	\$ .8	\$5.00

**Achillea**

"The Pearl." A splendid herbaceous perennial, producing in wonderful profusion throughout the summer, flowers of the purest white. Excellent as a border plant and fine for cut flowers.

	Each	10
Price .....	\$ .20	\$1.50

**PLANTS NOT LISTED**

I have many trees and plants in small quantities that are not listed here. If you are in need of any sorts not described herein, I probably have them and can supply you. Write me for anything you are in need of in hardy trees and plants.

W. J. KELLY, Claremont, S. D.

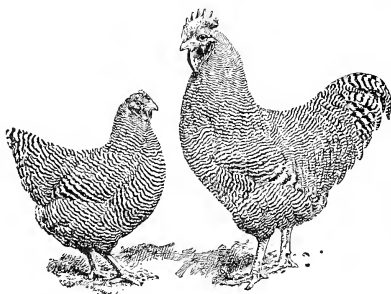
### AFRICAN GEESE

This breed is not as generally bred as some but in utility qualities and beauty we believe they are unsurpassed. They are swan-like in appearance with long graceful necks. They have a characteristic black knob at the base of the beak. In color they are light and dark gray with a dark stripe running down the back of the neck to the body. They reach as large weights as any breed and we believe they grow faster when young than any other breed and easily reach a weight of eight to ten pounds in ten weeks. The standard weights of African Geese is as follows: Adult gander, 20 lbs.; young gander, 16 lbs.; adult goose, 18 lbs.; young goose, 14 lbs.

More farmers should raise geese. They are easily hatched and easily raised and will gain the great bulk of their living from grass if given the opportunity. There is money in geese. Write me for prices.

### BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS

The Barred Rock is without question the most popular farm chicken in America. For years they have been so and surely not without reason. New breeds may come and go, but the Barred Rock is the farm variety today just as securely and surely



as it was twenty years ago. They have the size and the laying qualities that make them an ideal general purpose fowl and withal are among the most beautifully feathered of any breed.

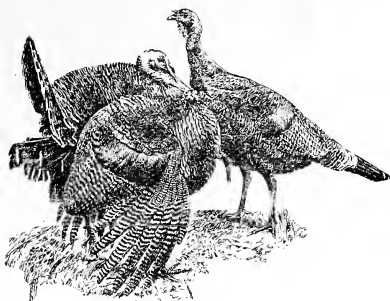
The standard weight of Barred Rocks is: Cock, 9½ lbs.; hen, 7½ lbs.; cockerel, 8 lbs., and pullet 6½ lbs. As year round layers and especially at seasons when eggs are high in price the Barred Rock is among the best.

My flock is farm raised with unlimited range and are healthy vigorous and handsome, just such a flock as any farmer would delight to own.

Write me for prices of breeders and eggs for hatching in season.

### BRONZE TURKEYS

To my mind the most beautiful and profitable of all the turkey tribe, as they are the most popular breed in America. They are hardy, being descended from the native wild turkey, and will be profit makers on any farm. All summer long they



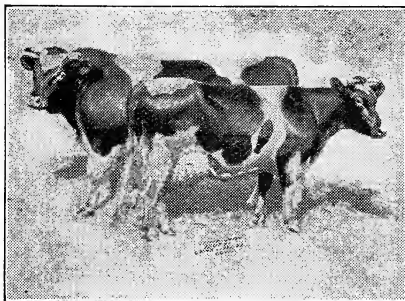
range the fields destroying myraids of harmful insects and growing into money. Why don't more farmers raise turkeys? Any farmer who is growing good turkeys will tell you there is no more profitable stock on the farm.

The Bronze Turkey is truly a magnificent bird, the most noble of the feathered tribe. Their standard weight is as follows: Adult cock, 36 lbs.; yearling cock, 33 lbs.; cockerel, 25 lbs.; hen, 20 lbs.; pullet, 16 lbs.

My birds are first prize winners at the state poultry show. Write me for prices on breeders and eggs.

### HOLSTEIN CATTLE

The Holstein is the great farmers' dairy cow. Hardy and easily handled, good teats usually well placed; profit-producing consumers of the farm roughages. They are large and robust and their male calves may be profitably fed out as steers.

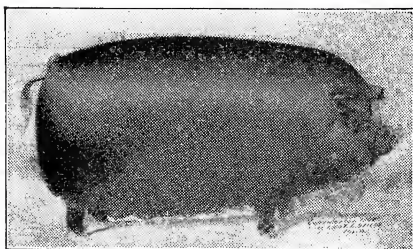


The greatest milk and butter producers of any breed, they leave little to be desired as a dairy cow and their wonderful popularity attests the fact that they are bred along right lines, a fact that farmers should not overlook is the value of skim milk on the farm for feeding pigs and poultry. Here the Holstein stands far ahead of any other breed, while in total butter production she is surpassed by none.

My Holsteins are of the farmers' type and are large roomy cattle that have been handled and fed under ordinary farm conditions. They will please you. Young stock, especially vigorous young bulls of good individuality usually on hand and priced moderately. Write me about them.

## DUROC-JERSEY HOGS

I have been breeding Duroc-Jersey hogs for many years. They have proven to me to be hardy, vigorous and of a quality that adapted them almost ideally to the farm conditions of the northwest. They are splendid grazers, (a most important quality), and can be fed out and finished at almost any age. They are prolific breeders and the sows are quiet, careful mothers and good sucklers in almost all cases.



The Duroc possesses in fact, practically all of the qualifications of a farmers' hog and his wonderful popularity throughout the entire corn-belt attests the fact.

My Durocs are bred and fed along right lines. The foundation of the herd was strong in the blood of old "Ohio Chief," who did so much to improve the breed and make it what it is today, the most popular hog in America. From time to time new blood has been added from the best strains of the breed.

I cull closely and retain for breeding stock only the choicest individuals. Write me for prices which you will find very reasonable.

## POTATOES

Sound, pure, northern grown seed potatoes are in demand the country over. In comparatively limited acres do potatoes reach the qualities required for first class seed. In my section of northern South Dakota, potatoes grow as near perfection as anywhere in the Northwest.

My foundation stock was procured from members of the Wisconsin Potato Growers' Association and has been carefully grown and selected from year to year. It is sound, pure and clean. No more choice stock can be procured.

**Early Ohio.** This is the standard early market potato of the north. More Ohios are grown in the Northwest than all other varieties together. It has become the standard by which all other sorts are gauged.

Price .....\$1.00 per bushel

**Rural New Yorker.** This is the standard late or main crop potato of the country. Rurals are heavy yielders of large smooth tubers and have a place of their own on every market.

Price .....\$1.00 per bushel

**Green Mountain.** This is a most desirable main crop variety and is especially adapted to such soil

as the typical Dakota loams.

It sets the tubers deep, a decided advantage in the Northwest and produces a heavy luxuriant foliage. It is splendid in eating quality, cooking up mealy and dry. As a yielder of large uniform sized potatoes the Green Mountain excels any sort I have ever grown. It yielded with me 330 bushels per acre in 1914. We want you to try our Green Mountain potato. You will be much pleased with it.

Price .....\$1.00 per bushel

## PACKING AND SHIPPING

I appreciate the great need of careful packing of nursery stock and make it a point to know personally that all stock leaving the Kelly Select Nurseries is so packed that it will reach the buyer in first class growing condition. I can ship on the Great Northern railway.

## WRITE YOUR ORDERS PLAINLY

Be careful and write your order plainly and always retain a copy so that mistakes may be easily rectified.

I want to hear from you anyway, whether you order stock or not. Maybe, I can help you with your tree or plant growing, and if I can, please let me know. There is lots in this world, you know, besides dollars and cents and I like to talk trees and stuff with anybody that is interested in them. It kind of does a fellow good to compare notes with someone, don't you think? Well, write anyway and let's get acquainted.

## PARCEL POST

Under the parcel post laws much of the smaller sorts and grades of nursery stock can be safely and cheaply sent by mail and delivered at your door.

Packages under 20 pounds in weight and the combined length and girth of which does not exceed 72 inches, may be sent by parcel post.

Note rates for different weights and zones on table given below. Your postmaster will tell you which zone you are in from Claremont, S. D.

## PREMIUMS

Yes, I give premiums and in amount commensurate with the size of your order. These premiums will not consist of some little, tender greenhouse plants such as are frequently thus sent out and are worthless to the buyer. All premiums we send will be of hardy plants of real value to any grower and that will make the recipient remember favorably the

**Kelly's Select Nurseries, Claremont, S. D.**

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### Parcel Post Rates

LOCAL	Lbs. ....		1   2-3   4-5   6-7   8-9   10-11   12-13   14-15   16-17   18-19   20-21   22-23   24-25   26-27   28-29   30-31   32-33   34-35   36-37   38-39   40-41   42-43   44-45   46-47   48-49   50	
	Postage .....		5c   6   7   8   9   10   11   12   13   14   15   16   17   18   19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35   36   37   38   39   40   41   42   43   44   45   46   47   48   49   50	
Zone 1 and 2, 150 miles	Lbs. ....		1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   11   12   13   14   15   16   17   18   19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35   36   37   38   39   40   41   42   43   44   45   46   47   48   49   50	
	Postage ....		5c   6   7   8   9   10   11   12   13   14   15   16   17   18   19   20   21   22   23   24   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35   36   37   38   39   40   41   42   43   44   45   46   47   48   49   50   51   52   53   54	
Weight	.....		1lb   2 lbs   3 lbs   4 lbs   5 lbs   6 lbs   7 lbs   8 lbs   9 lbs   10 lbs   11 lbs   12 lbs   13 lbs   14 lbs   15 lbs   16 lbs   17 lbs   18 lbs   19 lbs   20 lbs	
	.....		1lb   2 lbs   3 lbs   4 lbs   5 lbs   6 lbs   7 lbs   8 lbs   9 lbs   10 lbs   11 lbs   12 lbs   13 lbs   14 lbs   15 lbs   16 lbs   17 lbs   18 lbs   19 lbs   20 lbs	
Zone 3-300 Miles.....	.....		6c   8   10   12   14   16   18   20   22   24   26   28   30   32   34   36   38   40   42   44	
Zone 4-600 Miles.....	.....		7c   11   15   19   23   27   31   35   39   43   47   51   55   59   63   67   71   75   79   83	
Zone 5-1,000 Miles.....	.....		8c   14   20   26   32   38   44   50   56   62   68   74   80   86   92   98   1.04   1.10   1.16   1.22	
Zone 6-1,400 Miles.....	.....		9c   17   25   33   41   49   57   65   73   81   89   97   1.05   1.13   1.21   1.29   1.37   1.45   1.53   1.61	
Zone 7-1,800 Miles.....	.....		11c   21   31   41   51   61   71   81   91   1.01   1.11   1.21   1.31   1.41   1.51   1.61   1.71   1.81   1.91   2.01	
Zone 8-Over 1,800 Miles	.....		12c   24   36   48   60   72   84   96   1.08   1.20   1.32   1.44   1.56   1.68   1.80   1.92   2.04   2.16   2.28   2.40	



# Kelly's Select

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# Nursery Stock

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Home grown hardy Trees, Shrubs and Plants----- that will grow and thrive for you. Tested varieties, proven hardiness, strong and thrifty specimens mean successful orchards, splendid groves and beautiful home surroundings.

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## W. J. KELLY

PROPRIETOR

Claremont, South Dakota